Fact Sheet
Combating Arms Trafficking

Both the U.S. and the GOM are working to eliminate trans-border firearms trafficking. Law enforcement officials are actively pursuing illegal arms traffickers in order to seize and trace illegal firearms on both sides of the border and arrest and prosecute those responsible. These aggressive measures serve to reduce arms traffickers’ incentive to obtain firearms in the United States to sell to Mexican criminal organizations for their use as “tools of the trade” in criminal activity.

Achievements:
Investigation, Prosecution and Regulation

- **GRIT** - In 2009, ATF’s Gun Runner Impact Team (GRIT) initiative targeted gun traffickers in the U.S. GRIT brought 100 experienced Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) special agents to southern Texas to investigate more than 1,000 criminal leads. Nearly 1,100 firearms license inspections were conducted, involving 70,000 firearms and resulting in 440 violations and 276 federal firearms trafficking-related criminal cases. ATF is currently assisting the PGR in prosecuting four firearms trafficking cases and has identified additional trafficking cases for PGR review.

  The GRIT teams seized over 440 illegal firearms, 141,440 rounds of ammunition, $165,000 in U.S. currency, and additional drugs and explosive devices in the U.S. ATF is planning additional GRIT teams to continue this success.

- **Armas Cruzadas** - Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) and Mexican authorities launched Operation Armas Cruzadas, a counter smuggling program in Mexico that relies on bilateral intelligence sharing and law enforcement efforts with vetted Mexican units. The program has resulted in the seizure of 1,880 weapons, more than $7.9 million, 206,412 rounds of ammunition, and the arrests of 257 individuals on criminal charges, resulting in 147 criminal indictments and 96 convictions.

- **CEIT** - In 2009, ATF formed the Combined Explosives Investigations Team (CEIT) to respond to explosives incidents and to train Mexican partners in the identification, safe-handling, and analysis of seized explosives evidence. The CEIT team has responded 33 times to incidents in Mexico and disabled approximately 200 explosive devices.

- **Regulation of United States Firearms Industry** – ATF has a responsibility to the public to revoke the licenses of Federal Firearms License holders (FFLs) in cases of willful violations of the law and regulations, intentional disregard for regulatory requirements, or participation in criminal acts. ATF has had:
  - 587 total FFL revocations since FY2006
  - 64 FFL revocations in FY2009 (11 along southwest border)
  - 11,375 FFL compliance inspections nationwide for FY2009

- **Straw Purchasers** – Mexico and the U.S. are working together to investigate suspected straw purchasers and others who assist in the trafficking of firearms into Mexico.

Tracing Technology Tools in Action

- **Tracing Data** – ATF and its Mexican partners have increased their tracings of firearms seized in Mexico through the e-Trace program, providing valuable intelligence and tracing data to U.S. and Mexican authorities
  - 3,216 traces in FY 2007
  - 7,194 traces in FY 2008
  - 28,415 traces in FY 2009
  - 39,369 traces in FY 2010

- **Spanish e-Trace** – ATF and Mexico have deployed Spanish e-Trace, a web-based system that allows Mexican investigators to trace weapons known to originate in the U.S. A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was signed by U.S. and Mexican authorities in October 2010 that established the conditions of the e-Trace partnership between ATF and Mexico which is designed to strengthen efforts to combat firearms trafficking. Additionally, expansion of the e-Trace system to the Mexican Federal Police (SSP) is planned. As a result, SSP and ATF are working to link the tracing data to its criminal justice data system, “Plataforma Mexico.” Five e-Trace classes have been held since November 2010 and three more are planned by June 2011.

- **Integrated Ballistics Identification Systems (IBIS)** – Four IBIS, which link bullets and casings to weapons to build cases against criminals, were purchased by the US for Mexican forensics labs in 2009.
Training and Collaboration

- **Communication** – CENAPI, Mexico’s Center for Analysis, Planning, and Information, in coordination with Mexico’s Secretariat of Defense, provides monthly bi-national bulletins on secured weapons and relevant seizures. ATF Special Agents also attend meetings with the analysts of CENAPI.

- **Arms Trafficking Workshops** – ATF is training Mexican officials on firearms trafficking techniques and firearms identification on a monthly bases, training approximately 400 Mexican law enforcement personnel in fiscal year 2010. Additionally, protocols that clarified roles and responsibilities for weapons tracing procedures were established through a series of three bilateral arms trafficking workshops in 2009. U.S. and Mexican officials also have a work plan in place to significantly improve judicial cooperation, intelligence sharing, and the detection of weapons movement.

- **Specialized Training** – In March 2010 ICE provided training to 18 Secretariat of National Defense (SEDENA) officials on Crossed Arms, a domestic Mexican program that tracks firearms trafficking cases. ATF provided courses on explosives and evidence collection to representatives from SEDENA, the Attorney General’s office, the Navy, and Mexican State agencies in April 2010. ATF has also provided three post-blast explosive investigation techniques courses to Mexican federal and state agencies with two more planned in the coming months.

- **Information and Investigations** – Mexico shares data and information in preliminary investigations, investigations into straw purchasers, prosecutions, and other judicial proceedings with U.S. authorities.

- **Training for Prosecutors** – ICE, ATF, FBI, and DOJ are providing best practices training to prosecutors from the Mexican Attorney General’s office.

- **K-9 Teams** – To date, a total of 58 canines and 44 handlers from Mexico’s Customs agency (SAT) have been trained in the detection of drugs, weapons, ammunition, and currency. Five handlers were certified as instructors. ATF has also conducted canine training for Mexican trainers at the Attorney General’s Federal Investigative Agency and SSP on several occasions.

- **e-Trace Training and Train-the-Trainer for Spanish e-Trace** – As requested by the Government of Mexico, ATF is providing e-Trace training to CENAPI personnel in each Mexican state. Implementation of the Train-the-Trainer model has been expanded to the entire Spanish e-Trace program, with five of eight trainings completed to date. The culmination of these efforts will result in Mexican law enforcement personnel training their own colleagues, with the first such course planned for April 2011.

Prosecutions/Judicial Cooperation

- **Protocols for Evidence**— U.S. and Mexican authorities are in consultation to establish protocols to ensure evidence in firearms trafficking cases is admissible in both U.S. and Mexico courts. A high-level meeting took place in December 2010 and the implementation process will begin in early 2011.

Future Directions-

Build Investigative Capacity

- **Vetted Unit** – A specialized, vetted unit to work in collaborations with the U.S. on arms trafficking investigations and prosecutions, made up of 110 certified agents from Mexico’s Attorney General’s office and the Federal Police, is being created to link firearms to drug cartels for prosecution.

- **IBIS Expansion** – The U.S. will soon provide two additional IBIS machines to Mexico for forensic ballistics identification.

- **Increase Judicial Prosecutions for Firearms and Explosive trafficking** – U.S. and Mexican authorities are engaged in a high level working group to increase the number of firearms and explosive trafficking cases prosecuted on both sides of the border.

Tracing/Information Technology

- **IBIS Information Sharing**– The U.S. and Mexico will be linked to provide comprehensive ballistic identification information for weapons seized on either side of the border.

Training and Collaboration

- **K-9 Teams** – By the end of 2012 the U.S. plans to deliver an estimated total of 174 canines to SAT, SSP and the PGR.