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The Information Resource Center (IRC) of U.S. Embassy in Bangkok is pleased to offer a select list of current online reports, documents, and websites on *Green Innovation and Economic Growth* from top think-tanks and non-governmental organizations (NGOs). Full texts are available at your fingertips by clicking the links provided or by copying the URL address into your Internet browser. Current and back issues of *Web Alert* are also available in our homepage at <http://bangkok.usembassy.gov/resources/web-alert.html>.

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WEB ALERT

“GREEN INNOVATION AND ECONOMIC GROWTH”

JUNE 2012

ARTICLES & REPORTS



“Green Growth Innovation: Toward a New Architecture for Developing Countries”

[Katherine Sierra](#), et al. *Global Views Policy Paper No. 33*, May 2012, 9 pages.

The authors examine new approaches to sustainable development through green growth, focusing on strategies for boosting environmental innovation in educational, industrial, governance, and fiscal infrastructure across the globe.

Full text currently available at: <http://goo.gl/XYQQB> [PDF format; 2.4MB]

“Inclusive Green Growth: The Pathway to Sustainable Development”

[Marianne Fay](#), et al. The World Bank, May 2012, 192 pages.

How can developing countries avoid locking in unsustainable and inefficient socioeconomic systems? Will technology allow developing countries to pursue a less environmentally damaging development path than industrial countries did? What is the best way to manage growth with scarce fiscal resources and limited planning and technical know-how? The authors discuss these challenging questions and examine policies and best practices for green growth strategies.

Full text currently available at: <http://goo.gl/JiNs5> [PDF format; 4.7MB]





“The Transition to a Green Economy: Benefits, Challenges and Risks from a Sustainable Development Perspective”

[José Antonio Ocampo](#), et al. United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, 2012, 98 pages.

The authors examine the macroeconomic policy implications of the transition to the green economy, the interlinked issues of trade, investment and technology, and the risks that this concept generates for developing countries and the domestic and international policies necessary to promote the green economy in these countries according to the principles of sustainable

development.

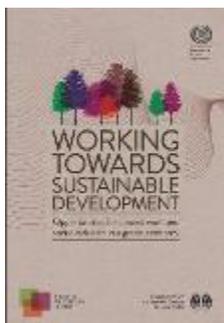
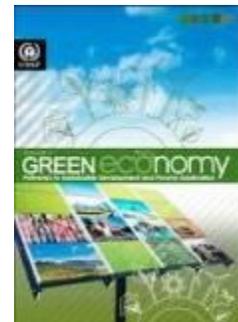
Full text currently available at: <http://goo.gl/w3sN1> [PDF format; 1MB]

“Towards a Green Economy: Pathways to Sustainable Development and Poverty Eradication”

United Nations Environment Programme, December 2011, 631 pages.

Is the greening of economies a drag on growth or a new engine of growth? The report examines several myths and misconceptions about greening the global economy, and provides guidance to policy makers on what reforms they need to unlock the productive and employment potential of a green economy.

Full text currently available at: <http://goo.gl/dKE6B>



“Working Towards Sustainable Development: Opportunities for Decent Work and Social Inclusion in a Green Economy”

[Peter Poschen](#), et al. International Labour Organization, 2012, 288 pages.

The report explores the drivers of change and transmission channels for the shift to a green economy, and examines their implications for economic activity, employment growth and social outcomes, focusing the necessary conditions, policy prescriptions and good practices required to ensure that the green economy is characterized by gains in job quality, reductions in poverty and improvements in social inclusion.

Full text currently available at: <http://goo.gl/umoIk> [PDF format; 7.65MB]

“Fostering Innovation for Green Growth”

OECD Green Growth Studies, 2011, 130 pages.

This report explores the role of innovation in green growth strategies and policy actions for the deployment of new technologies and innovations as they emerge: investment in research and development, support for commercialization, strengthening markets and fostering technology diffusion.

Full text currently available at: <http://goo.gl/HUOLy>



WEB RESOURCES

United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development

<http://www.uncsd2012.org/greeneconomy.html>

The United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development is being organized in pursuance of General Assembly Resolution 64/236, and will take place in Brazil on 20-22 June to mark the 20th anniversary of the 1992 United Nations Conference on Environment and Development and the 10th anniversary of the 2002 World Summit on Sustainable Development.

United Nations Environmental Programme: Green Economy

<http://www.unep.org/greeneconomy/Home/tabid/29770/language/en-US/Default.aspx>

UNEP provides leadership and encourage partnership in caring for the environment by inspiring, informing, and enabling nations and peoples to improve their quality of life without compromising that of future generations.

International Labour Organization: Green Jobs

<http://www.ilo.org/global/topics/green-jobs/lang--en/index.htm>

The ILO is the international organization responsible for drawing up and overseeing international labor standards. The notion of green jobs summarizes the transformation of economies, enterprises, workplaces and labor markets into a sustainable, low-carbon economy providing decent work.

The World Bank: Sustainable Development

<http://goo.gl/8h8tG>

Sustainable development is fundamental to the World Bank Group's mission to reduce poverty. The Sustainable Development Network works with clients to encourage inclusive, green growth that can lead to sustainable development.

Global Transition 2012

<http://globaltransition2012.org/>

The Global Transition 2012 is an international network of organizations and leading thinkers from the Global North and South. The ultimate vision of the initiative is an alternative global green economy that maximizes well-being, operates within environmental limits and is capable of coping and adapting to global environmental change.

The Brookings Institution: Sustainable Development

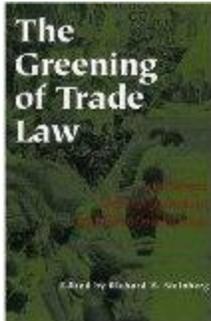
<http://www.brookings.edu/research/topics/sustainable-development>

The Brookings Institution is a private nonprofit organization devoted to independent research and innovative policy solutions. For more than 90 years, Brookings has analyzed current and emerging issues and produced new ideas that matter—for the nation and the world.

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BOOKS



The Greening of Trade Law: International Trade Organizations and Environmental Issues

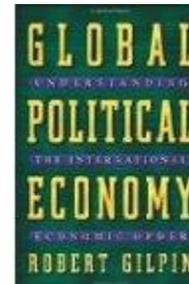
Steinberg, Richard H
Call Number: 341.7 GRE 2002

The Borderless World Power and Strategy in the Interlinked Economy

Omae, Ken'ichi
Call Number: 337 OHM 1990

Global Political Economy Understanding the International Economic Order

Gilpin, Robert//Gilpin, Jean M
Call Number: 337 GIL 2001



Congressional Quarterly's Desk Reference on the Economy

Carroll, Richard J.
Call Number: 330.973 CAR 2000

Inside Thailand Review 2007: Sufficiency Economy and Social Integrity

Thailand. Public Relations Department
Call Number: 338.9593 INS 2007

A Macroeconomic Core of Open Economy for Progressive Industrialization and Development of Asian Economies in the New Millennium: Proceeding of an International Conference

Sumalee Pitayanon//Paitoon Wiboonchutikula
Call Number: 337.5 MAC 1999

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