

BEFORE GOING OVERSEAS

- Make a list of the following for all family members. Leave a copy of this list with a trusted contact at home. Update periodically and carry with you when moving from one locale to another:
 - Passport numbers and dates of issue
 - Bank account numbers
 - Credit card numbers
 - Insurance policy numbers
 - Car registration, serial, and license numbers
 - U.S. driver's license numbers
 - Social Security numbers (including children's)
 - Current prescriptions, including eyeglasses
 - Contents and location of safe deposit box(es)
 - Assets and debts
 - Names and addresses of business and professional contacts
- Locate a safe depository in the United States and put the following into it (making copies of the items if you will need them overseas):
 - Copy of will(s). Do not put original of will in safe depository. Originals should be left with lawyer or executor.
 - Power of attorney (one of the originals)
 - Birth and marriage certificates
 - Naturalization papers
 - Deeds
 - Mortgages
 - Stocks (or leave with broker in case you want to sell)
 - Bonds (or leave with broker in case you want to sell)
 - Insurance papers - life, car, house, medical, and household effects (HHE)
 - Current household and personal effects inventory
- Execute a current power of attorney for each adult family member and have several originals made. Make several copies as well. These are needed to transact business on behalf of spouse or other adult.
- Learn the current laws of your legal residence and place of domicile with regard to taxes and property.
- Establish credit that will be adequate for emergencies. Obtain individual credit cards for employee and spouse.
- Establish a joint checking account, or two joint checking accounts, enabling each spouse to work from either account in the event they are separated for a period of time.
- Consider getting an ATM (automatic teller machine) card for your bank account that can be used all over the country. Make sure both spouses know the PIN (personal identification number).
- Have the employee's paycheck sent to a U.S. bank account rather than overseas. Checks lost in the mail can cause extraordinary difficulties.
- Put checkbooks, bankbooks, credit cards, some travelers checks, and a small amount of cash in a safe (but easily accessible) place.
- Keep a list of regular billing dates for all recurring expenses -- insurance, mortgages, and taxes.

- Make and continually update an inventory of all your possessions, including jewelry and clothing.
- Decide what to take overseas and what to put into storage based on where you are going.
- Consider personal property insurance.
- Update scrapbook and photo albums. Consider leaving sentimental photos or negatives in safe deposit box.
- Gather all employment documents for adult family members, including resumes and letters of reference. Keep duplicates in the United States.
- Make duplicates of all personal address lists.
- Discuss with your immediate and extended family what to do in case of an emergency (evacuation, hostage-taking, illness, or death). Give them an emergency contact telephone number(s).

WHEN YOU ARRIVE OVERSEAS

- Keep up with the current security situation overseas. Hold periodic family security meetings.
- Be aware of the warden system at the U.S. Embassy near you.
- Make an inventory of what you have brought overseas and keep it updated.
- Learn some of the local language to help you in an emergency. In the local language, post a list of instructions and essential telephone numbers for household employees.
- Get to know your neighbors.
- Learn the location of the closest hospital and police station.
- Keep immunizations up to date and recorded.
- If you have children in local schools, check the school's emergency evacuation plan. Become an involved parent.
- If you have children, choose a surrogate parent and supply that person with a current power of attorney for medical or other emergencies in the event you need them to care for your children unexpectedly.
- Maintain a separate emergency supply/first-aid kit to be used only for emergency situations.
- Decide which necessary items should be taken with you in the event of evacuation or authorized departure and which items should be air-freighted later.

EMERGENCY SITUATIONS: WHEN AN EVACUATION IS A POSSIBILITY

- Discuss possible contingency plans with family members.
- Make a list of items to pack in each suitcase (normally each evacuee is allowed one suitcase).
- Make a list of items for carry-on baggage.
- Consolidate all personal records, financial documents, school records, etc.
- Prepare your house for departure -- secure valuables, if possible.
- Plan for pets. In almost all evacuations, your pets will not be allowed to go out on evacuation with you. Make advance arrangements for their care, food, etc. Keep the pets' records updated.
- Decide how money will be handled. Who will pay bills? Will you continue to use the joint checking account?