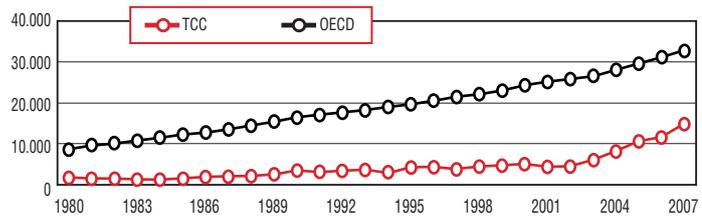


Turkish Cypriot Economy

Key indicators

Total population (thousands), 2007.....	268
GDP (US\$ billions), 2007.....	3.5
GDP (current prices) per capita, 2007.....	14,553
GDP (PPP) as share (%) of world total, 2007.....	0.016

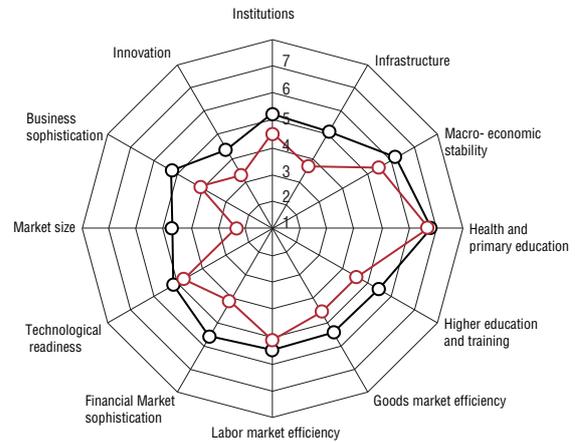
GDP (PPP US\$) per capita, 1980–2007



Global Competitiveness Index

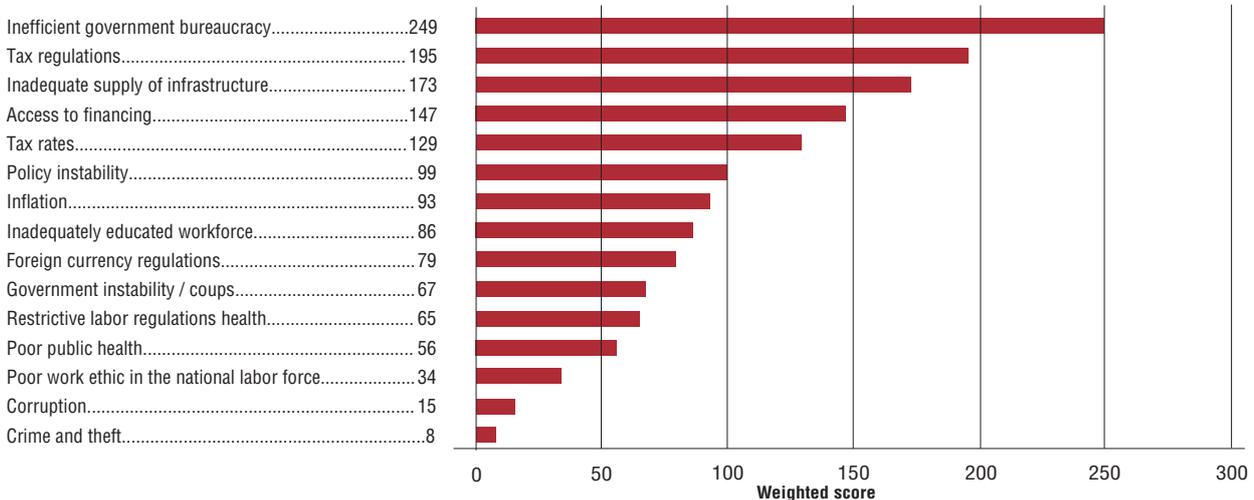
	Rank (out of 135)	Score (1-7)
Global Competitiveness Index 2008-2009.....	117.....	3.43
Basic requirements.....	91.....	4.10
1st pillar: Institutions.....	94.....	3.53
2nd pillar: Infrastructure.....	104.....	2.62
3rd pillar: Macroeconomic stability.....	99.....	4.51
4th pillar: Health and primary education.....	49.....	5.74
Efficiency enhancers.....	130.....	3.06
5th pillar: Higher education and training.....	92.....	3.54
6th pillar: Goods market efficiency.....	123.....	3.56
7th pillar: Labor market efficiency.....	100.....	4.09
8th pillar: Financial market sophistication.....	128.....	3.10
9th pillar: Technological readiness.....	47.....	3.73
10th pillar: Market size.....	132.....	1.30
Innovation and sophistication factors.....	133.....	2.66
11th pillar: Business sophistication.....	129.....	3.08
12th pillar: Innovation.....	132.....	2.23

Stage of development



*These economies include: Bahrain, Barbados, Chile, Croatia, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Qatar, Russia, Slovak Republic, Taiwan, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey.

The most problematic factors for doing business



Note: From a list of 15 factors respondents were asked to select the five most problematic for doing business and to rank them between 1 (most problematic) and 5. This differs from the World Economic Forum's Economy Profiles by providing a score based on the weight of each response rather than the percentage of total responses. Respondents ranking a particular item a 1 were given a multiplier of 5 while those ranked a 5 received a multiplier of 1.