

Global Shale Energy Production: *Evolving Process, Mitigating Risk, Growing Benefit*





Marcellus Center for Outreach and Research (MCOR)

- Conduct research related to shale development in PA, the U.S., and globally
- Collaborative approach with other institutions, government agencies, NGOs, etc
- Research related to down hole technologies and above ground impacts--best management practices (BMPs)
- Outreach sessions to create greater subject knowledge based in science
 - Various stakeholders and the general public
 - Trained & knowledgeable inspectors
 - Value of “social license”?? Access??

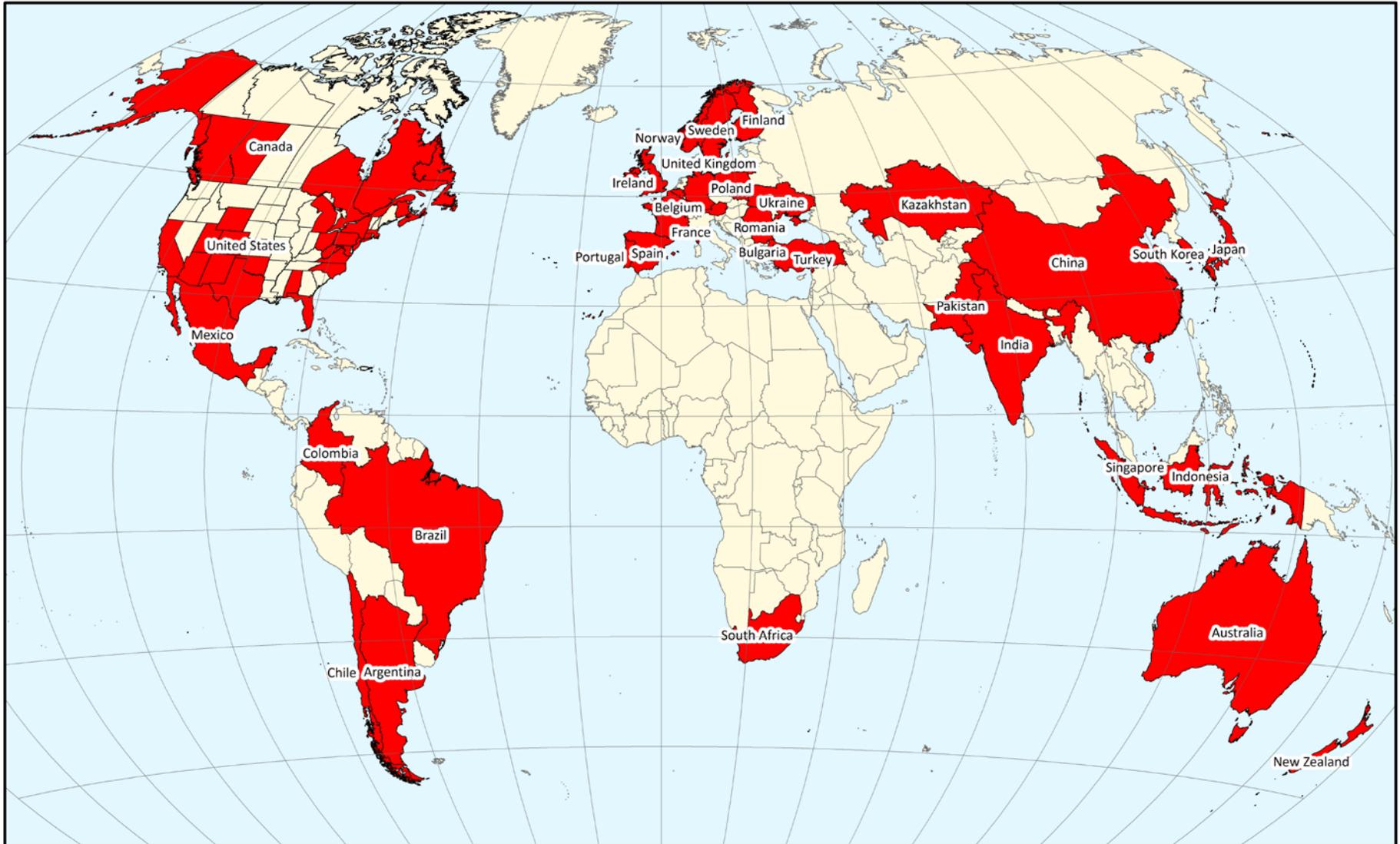
“Teaching” the Science of Unconventional Gas

- Face to face Outreach
- Building appreciation of science in many willing stakeholders
- Who are the “real” stakeholders??
- Business forums
- Educational forums
- Stakeholder tours
- Partnership of government, industry, academia
- Workforce development efforts
- Webinars
- Publications
- Media tours
- Local content
- Local business
- Academic by-in
- Collaborative research to fill the gaps

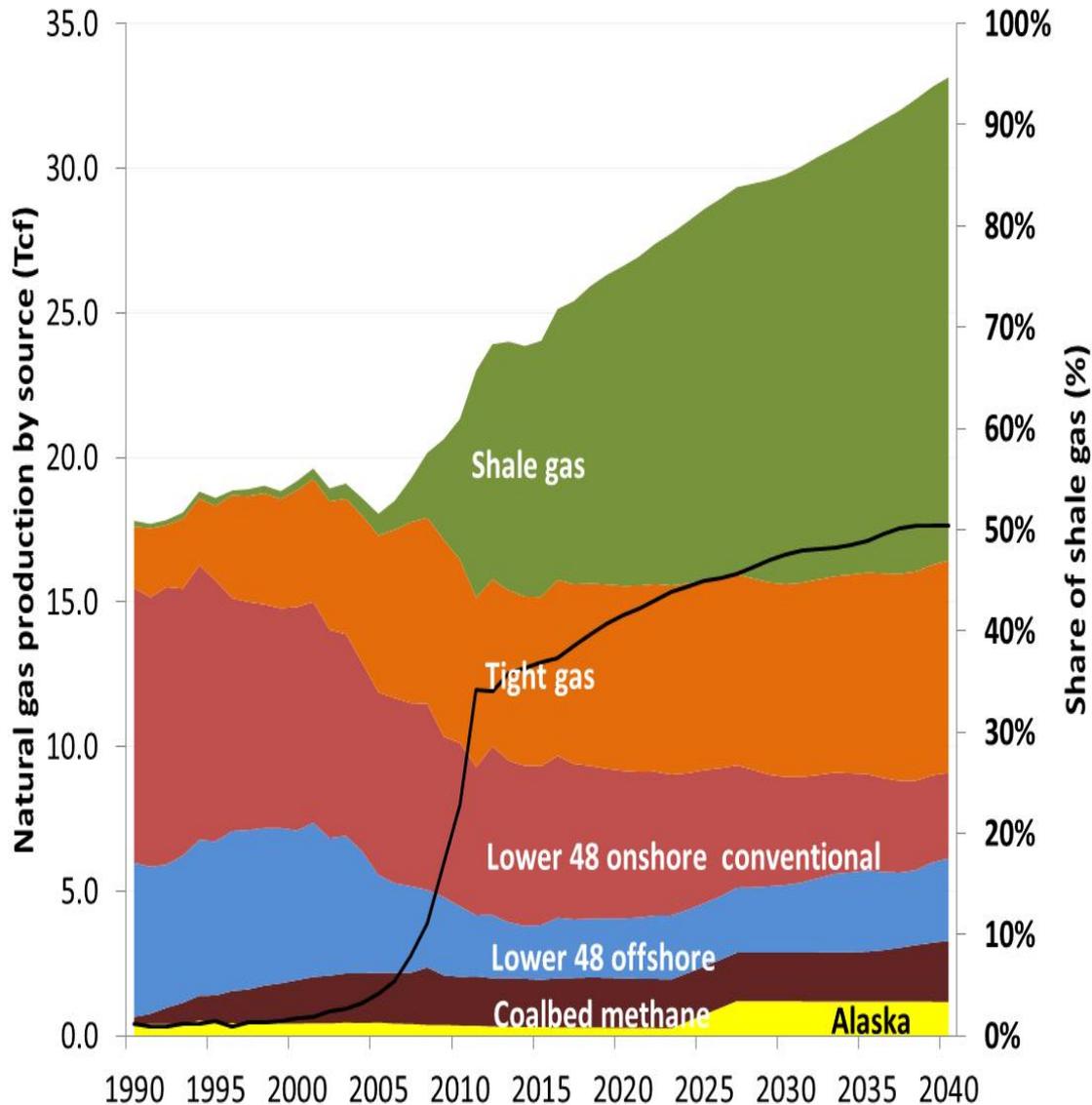
Conveying Benefit vs. Risk

- What are the reasons for producing the energy
 - Demand for all energy
 - Economic rewards
 - New business dev'l
 - Workforce opportunities
 - “Bridge” to something else
 - Fossil vs. renewables
 - “all the above” strategy
- Possible vs. probable
 - Cars/food/fire/etc.
 - Well failure
 - Water contamination
 - Chemicals
 - Methane
 - Air emissions
 - Health
 - Gaps in research??

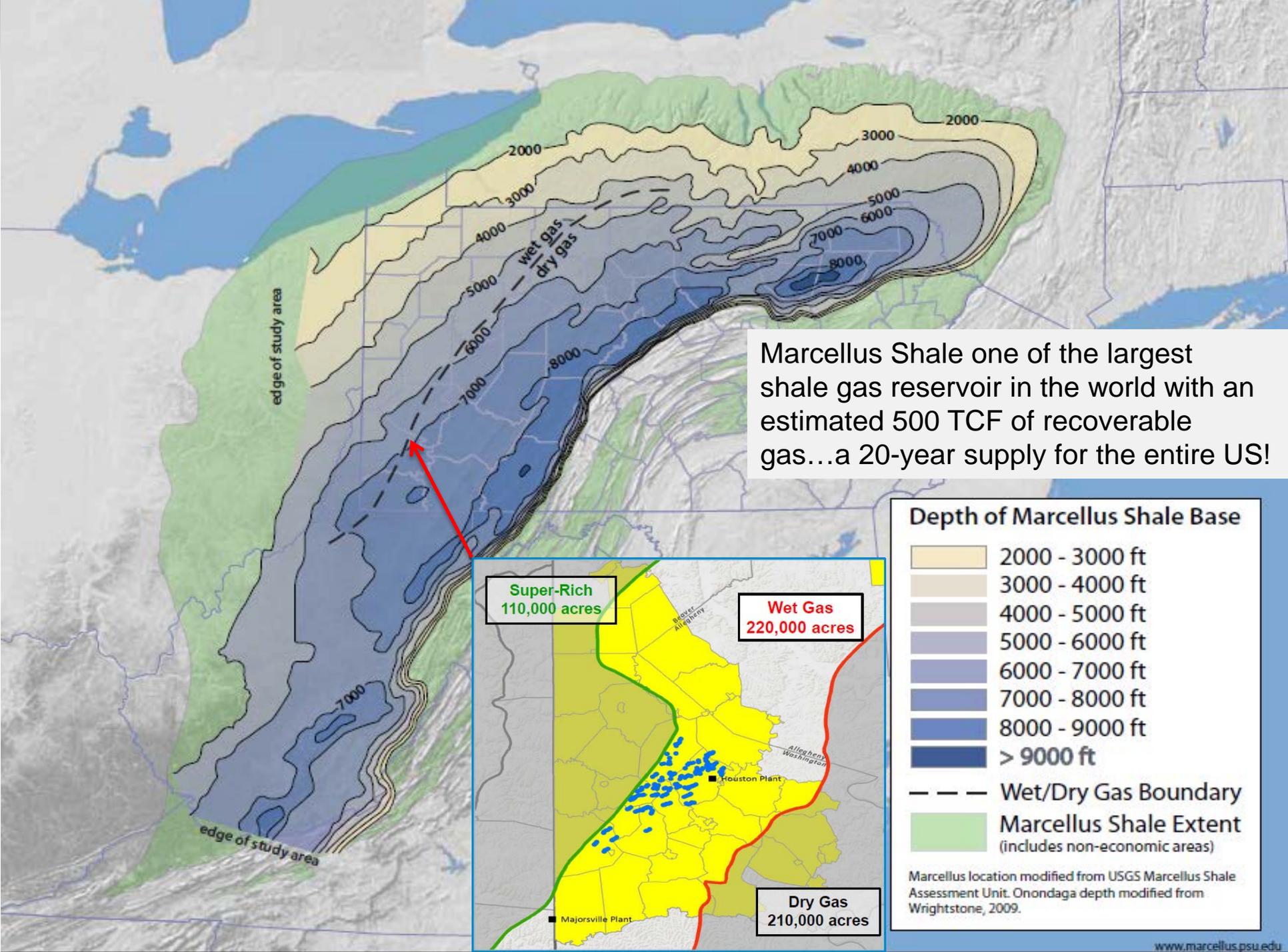
Penn State Marcellus Center for Outreach & Research World Shale Leadership



U.S. Natural Gas Production



- Natural gas production increase by 39% from 2012 through 2040.
- Shale gas increase by 105% from 2012 through 2040.
- Shale gas accounts for 50% of the natural gas production by 2040



Marcellus Shale one of the largest shale gas reservoir in the world with an estimated 500 TCF of recoverable gas...a 20-year supply for the entire US!

Depth of Marcellus Shale Base

2000 - 3000 ft
3000 - 4000 ft
4000 - 5000 ft
5000 - 6000 ft
6000 - 7000 ft
7000 - 8000 ft
8000 - 9000 ft
> 9000 ft

- - - Wet/Dry Gas Boundary
 Marcellus Shale Extent (includes non-economic areas)

Marcellus location modified from USGS Marcellus Shale Assessment Unit, Onondaga depth modified from Wrightstone, 2009.

Super-Rich
110,000 acres

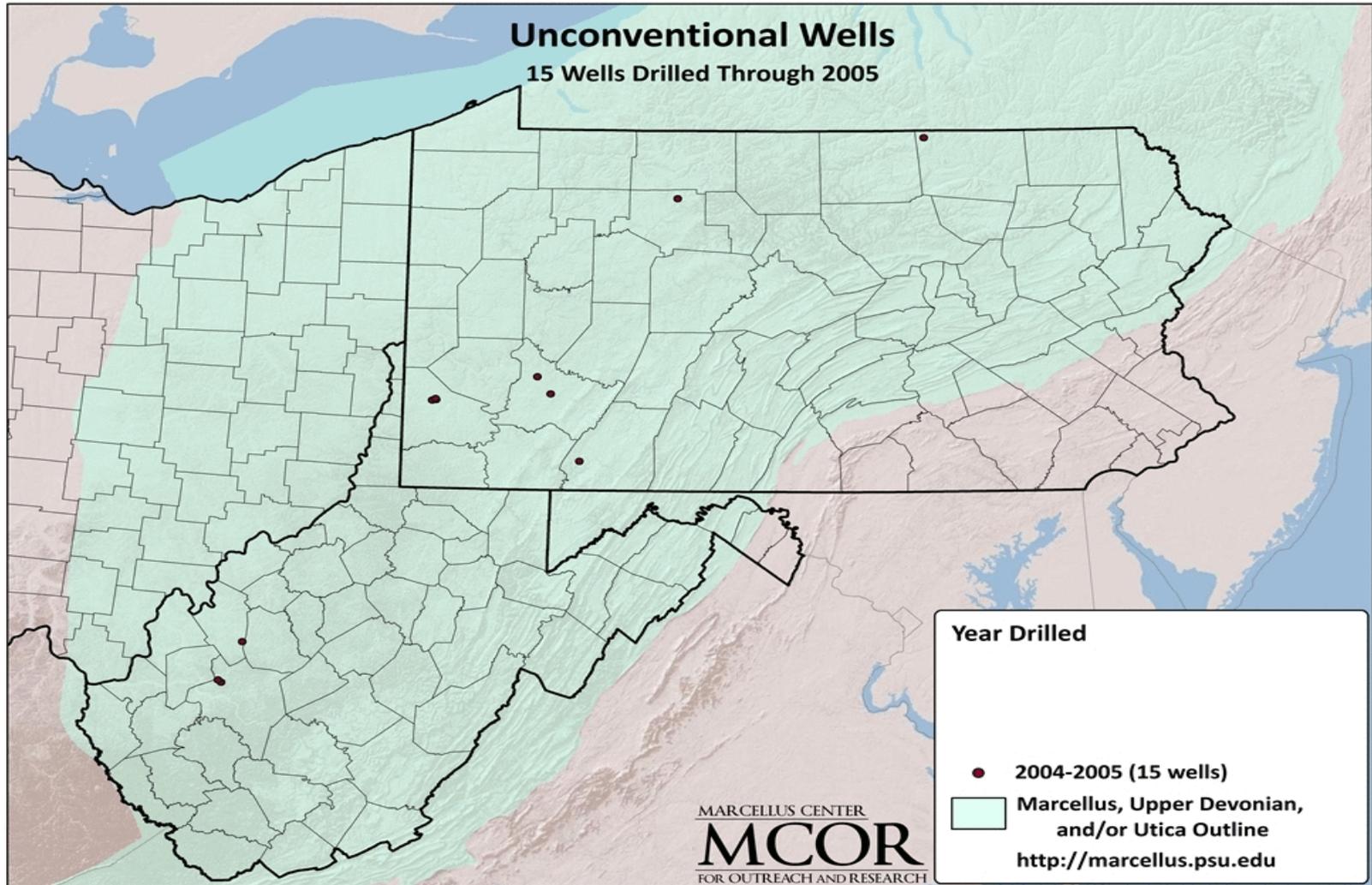
Wet Gas
220,000 acres

Dry Gas
210,000 acres

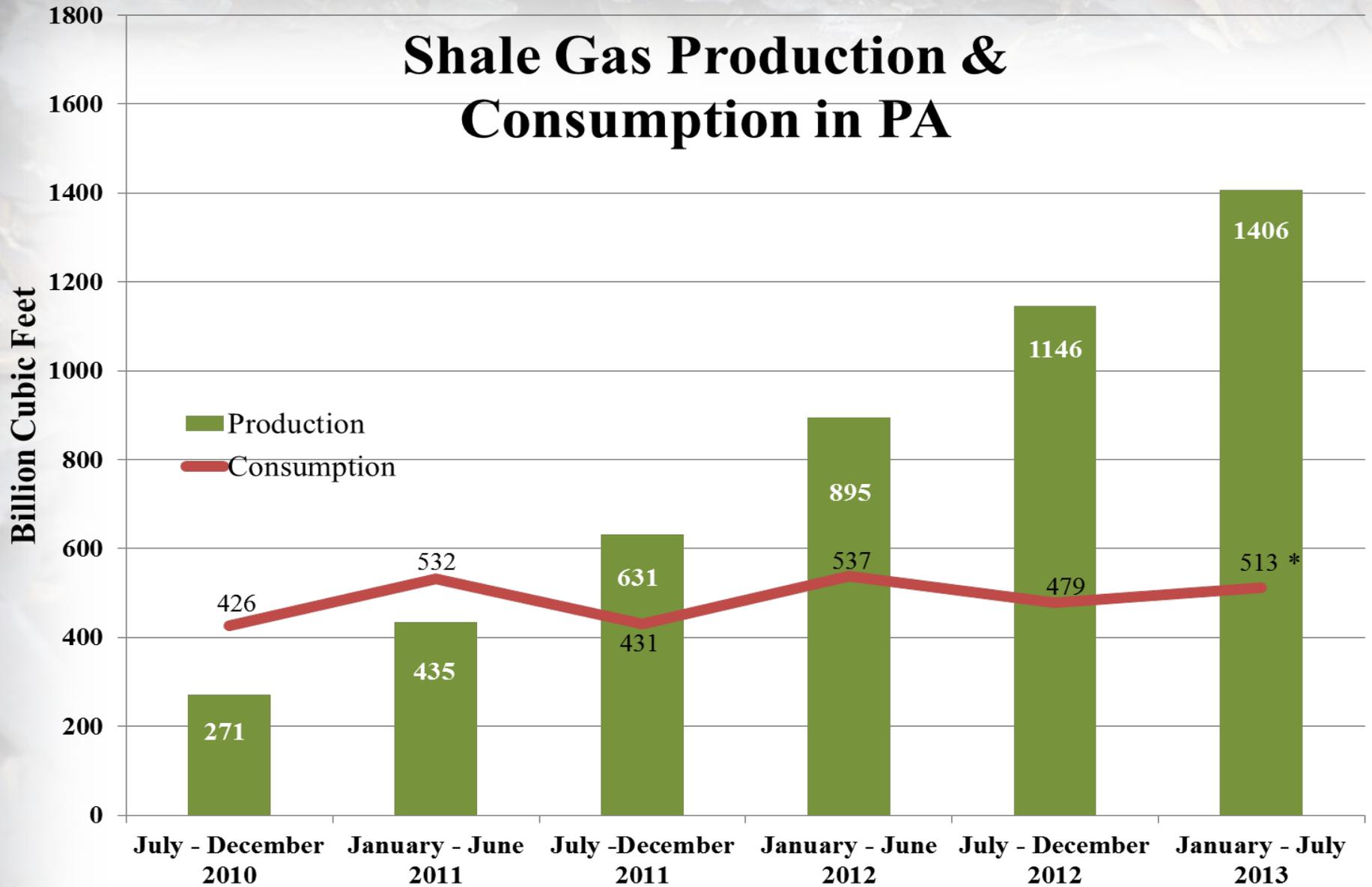
Houston Plant

Majorsville Plant

Unconventional Development in NE U.S.



Shale Gas Production & Consumption in PA



PA Shale Economic Impacts



According to PA Department of Labor through 2012:

- Approximately new 20,000 jobs in "core-related" industries (direct jobs)
- Approximately 200,000 jobs supported partially by industry

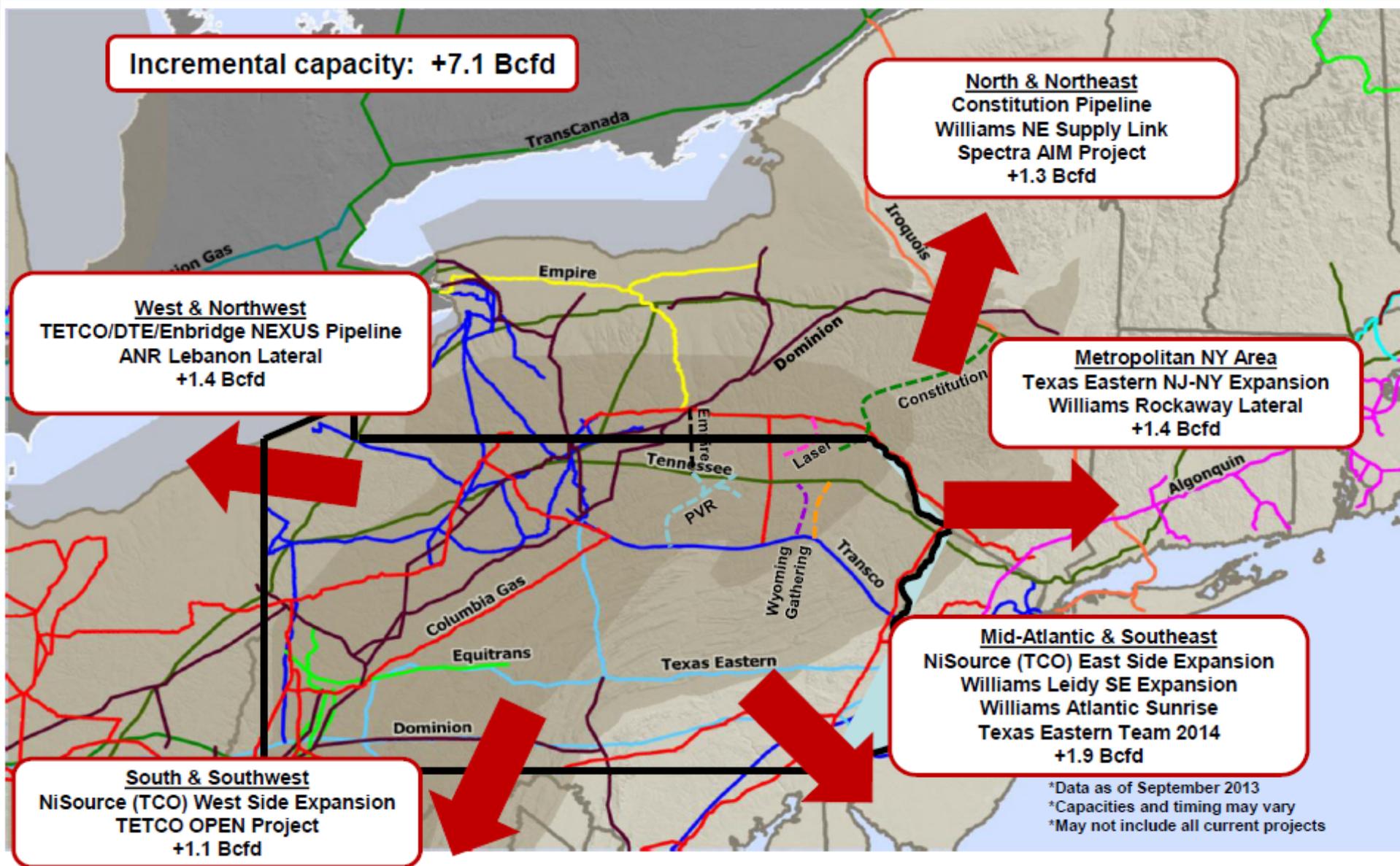
As of 2012 PA collected:

- \$402 MM in well impact fees
- Approximately \$2 billion in taxes from 2006-2012

2012 PA Totals:

- ~\$5.85 Billion in total revenues from gas sales
- ~\$731 MM in royalties

Marcellus - Proposed Infrastructure Projects through 2016





Developing Shale Tech Trends

- Emerging technology followed by regulations
 - Closed loop systems w/tanks vs. open in-ground pits
 - Water recycling/remediation technologies
 - Stronger trend to “green completions” – reduced VOC and air emissions
 - Increased effort to monitor/eliminate methane leakage
- Evolving hydraulic fracturing technology
 - Fewer chemicals, changing water needs, LPG/CO2/other fracs
- Greening of the products and technologies used in the drilling/completion process
 - New chemistry –sourced from food industry
- Transparency – FracFocus.org



Potential Regulatory Issues

- Water
 - Quality – can impaired waters be used?
 - Sourcing locations - quantity
 - Groundwater and watershed baselines, incl. TDS
- Waste streams
 - Water over lifecycle
 - Disposal wells(or not)
 - Drill cuttings/drilling muds
- NORM
- Air emissions/flaring/green completions
- Mitigation technologies

Impact of Marcellus Gas Drilling on Rural Drinking Water Supplies

- Five Penn State project coordinators
- Funded by the Center for Rural Pennsylvania (a legislative agency of the Pennsylvania General Assembly) and the Pennsylvania Water Resources Research Center at Penn State University

Objectives:

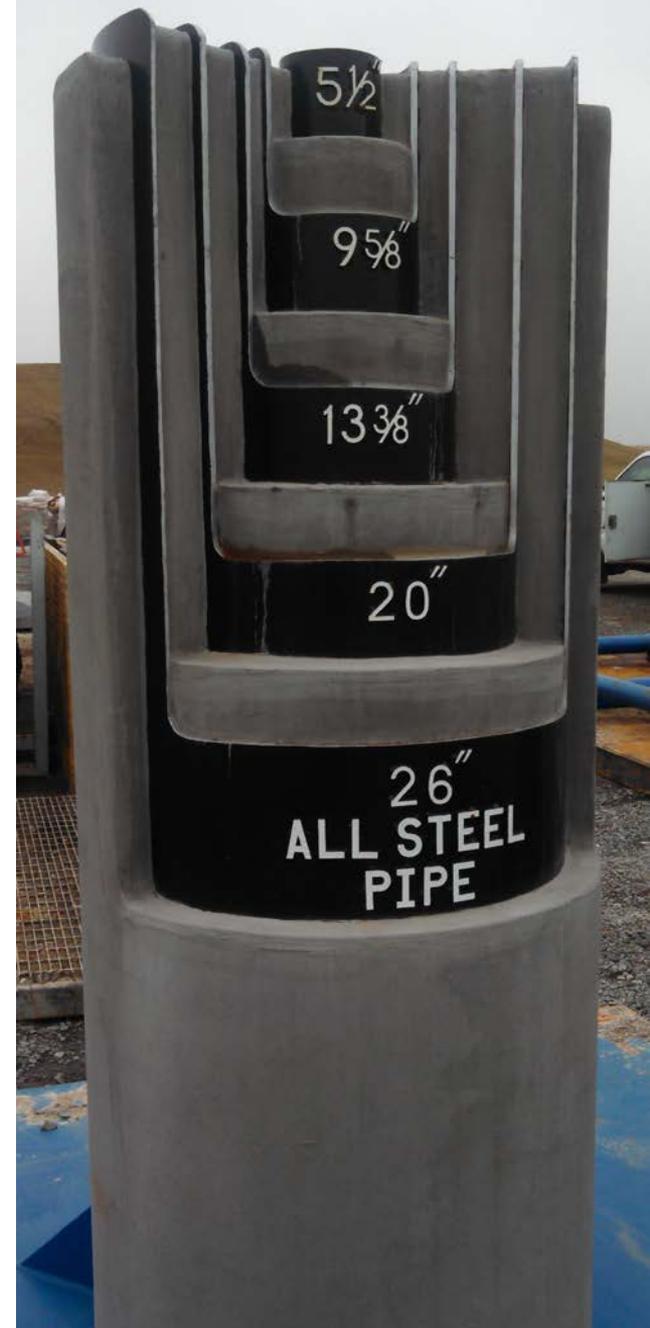
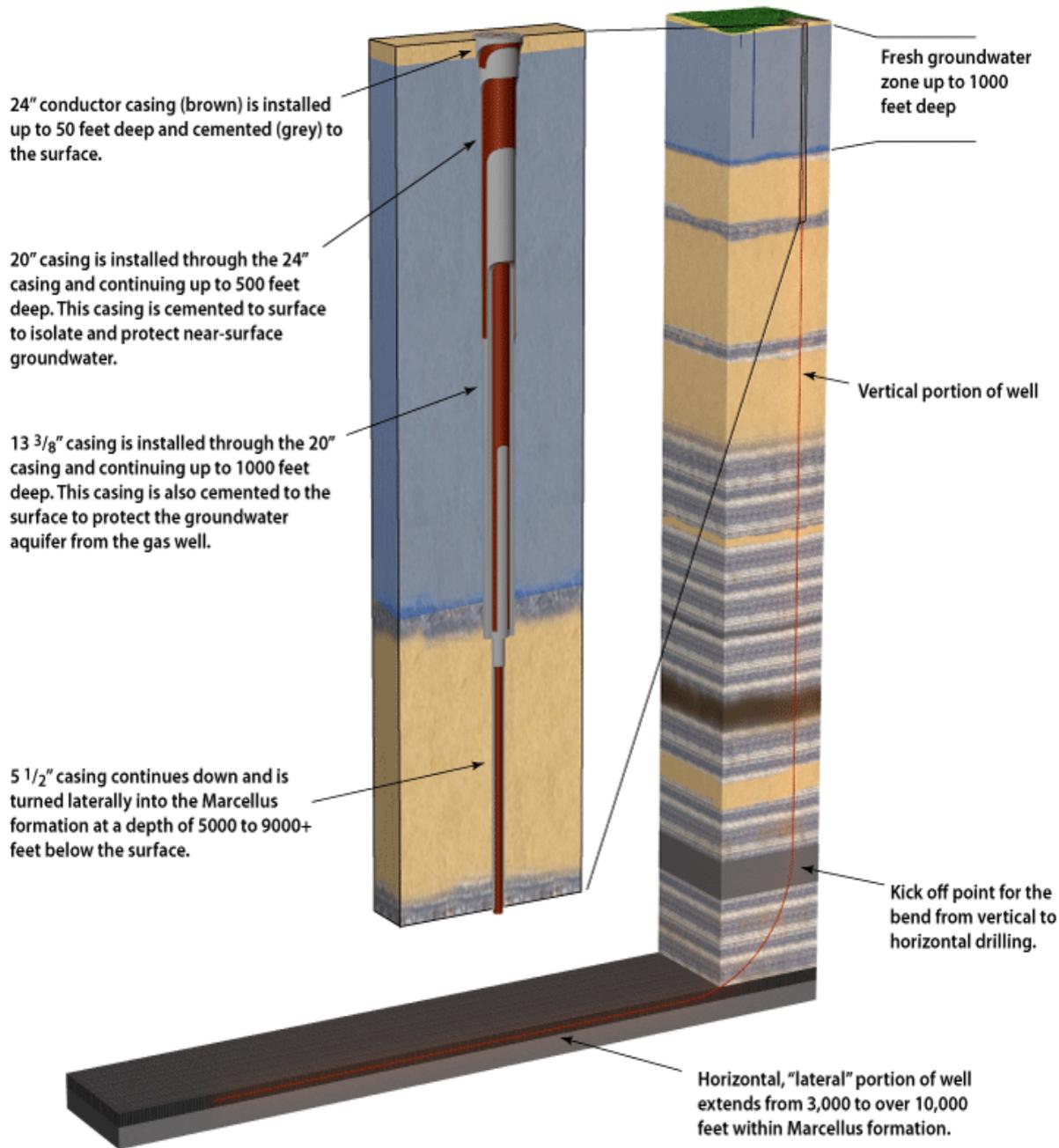
- Provide an unbiased and large scale study of water quality in private water wells both before and after the drilling of Marcellus gas wells nearby.
- Document both the enforcement of existing regulations and the utilization of voluntary measures by homeowners to protect water supplies.



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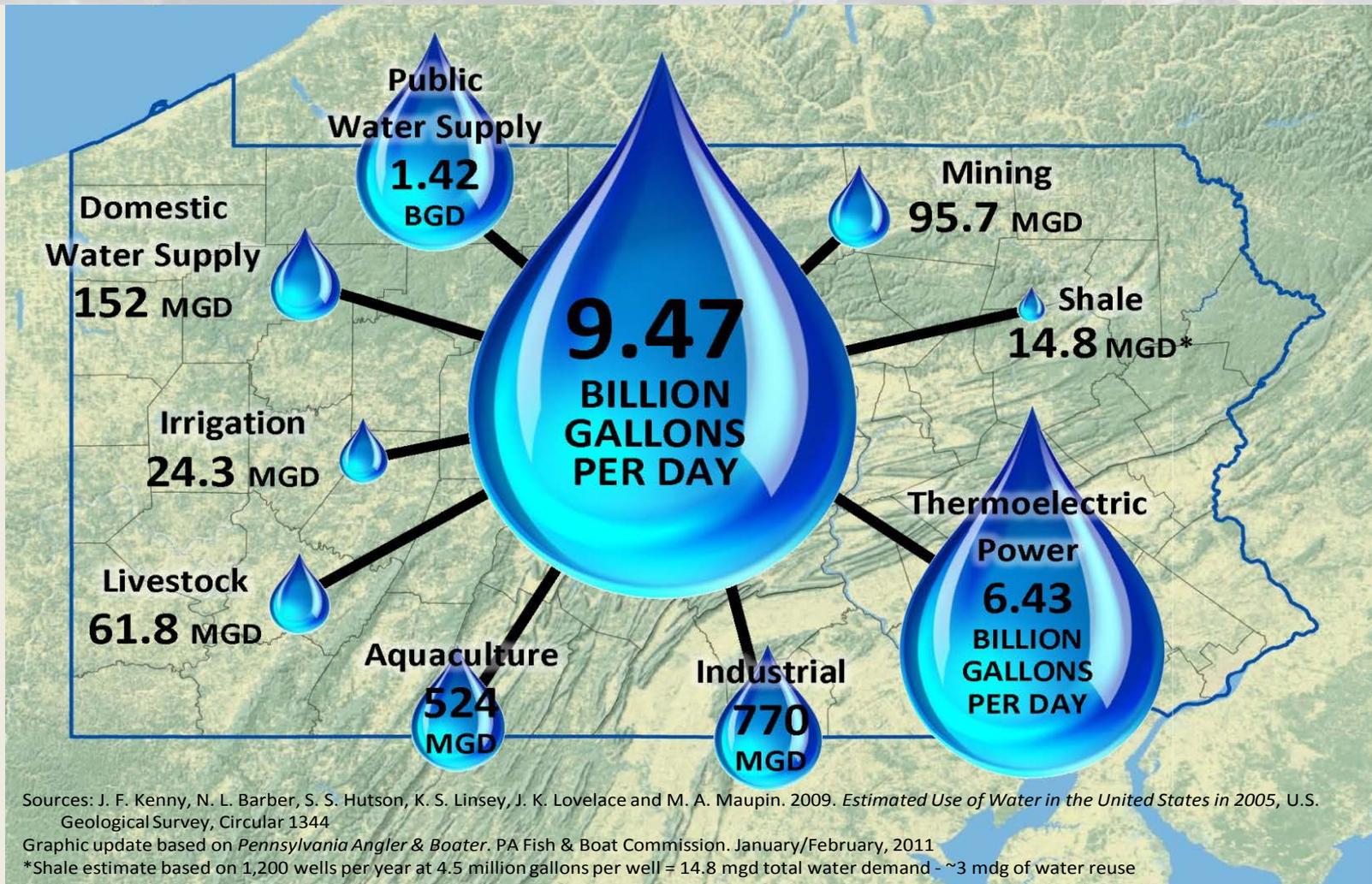




Water Usage and Sourcing

- 16.5 million liters per well (ave.)
- 60 million liters used in PA Marcellus per day
 - 0.15% of all water withdrawals in PA daily
 - 40 billion liters/day for all uses
- Declining amount of water utilized for hydraulic fracturing is trucked
 - Strongly trending towards piped/rail water vs. trucks
- 75%+ is sourced from surface supply vs. wells
- Public transparency??





Penn State Extension

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Fluid Remediation/Disposal

- 1.75 billion liters of fluid recovered 1H '12
- Approx. 10%-20% of fluid returns to surface in Marcellus
- Currently 90%+ of flowback and produced fluid is recycled
 - 89% infield recycling
 - 9% centralized plant recycling
 - 2% stored/disposal wells

Surface/Groundwater Protection



Common Multi-well Pads



Noise Abatement Techniques





Five Important Questions

- Is there a regulatory protocol in place to start or develop from blank sheet?
- Layering of national level gov't w/local jurisdictional control –what is most effective, commercially viable, and predictable?
- Is the process guided by a longer term strategy, beyond just environmental, broadly to all energy sourcing & use?
- Is the public involved and at what level?
 - Ex: Norway and New York
- How can this process overcome/rebuild trust in governmental regulation/activity?



www.marcellus.psu.edu
www.shaletec.org
www.naturalgas.psu.edu

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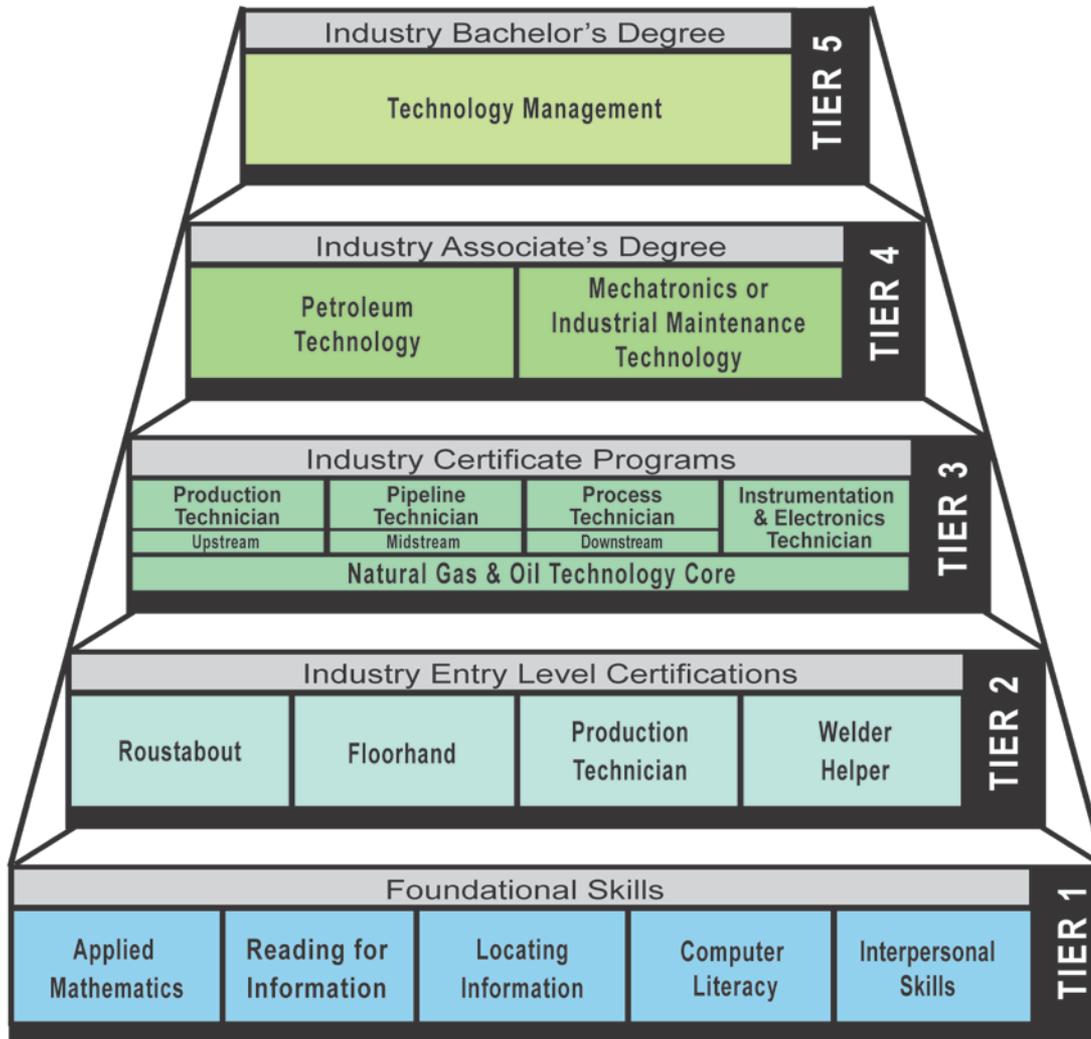


Workforce Assessment

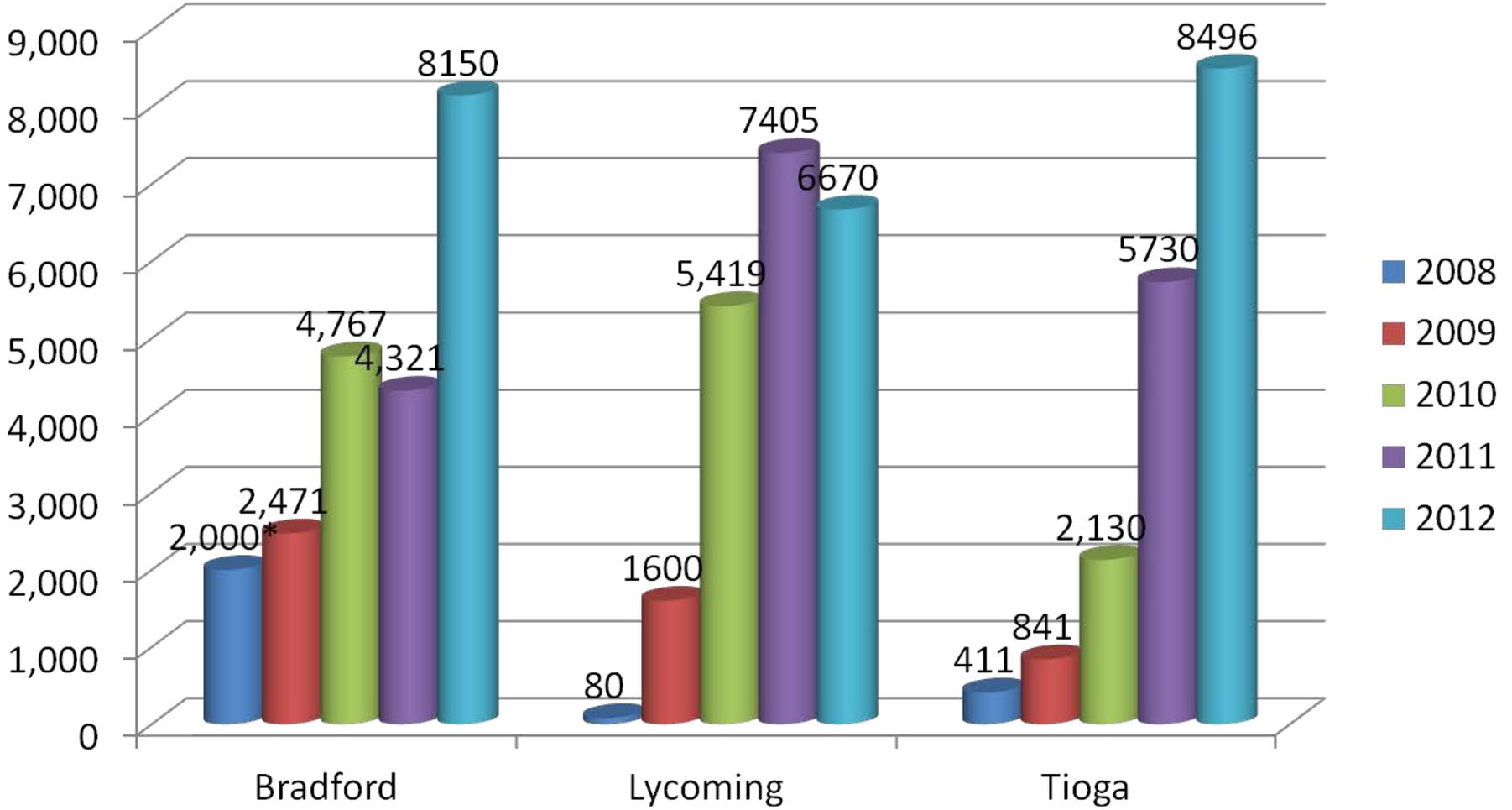
- Assessment model by academics, industry, and gov't.
- The direct workforce to drill a single well (lifecycle)
 - **420** individuals working in **150** different occupations
- Each well requires
 - **13.09-13.29** FTE workers annually. Gas processing increases from roughly two to four FTE's for every 10 wells drilled
 - Multi-Well pads **83%** of 2011 wells drilled on a multi-well pad
- **75%** of jobs will be technical positions
 - On the job training
 - Certificate or 2 year degrees



ShaleNET U.S.
Stackable Credential Model



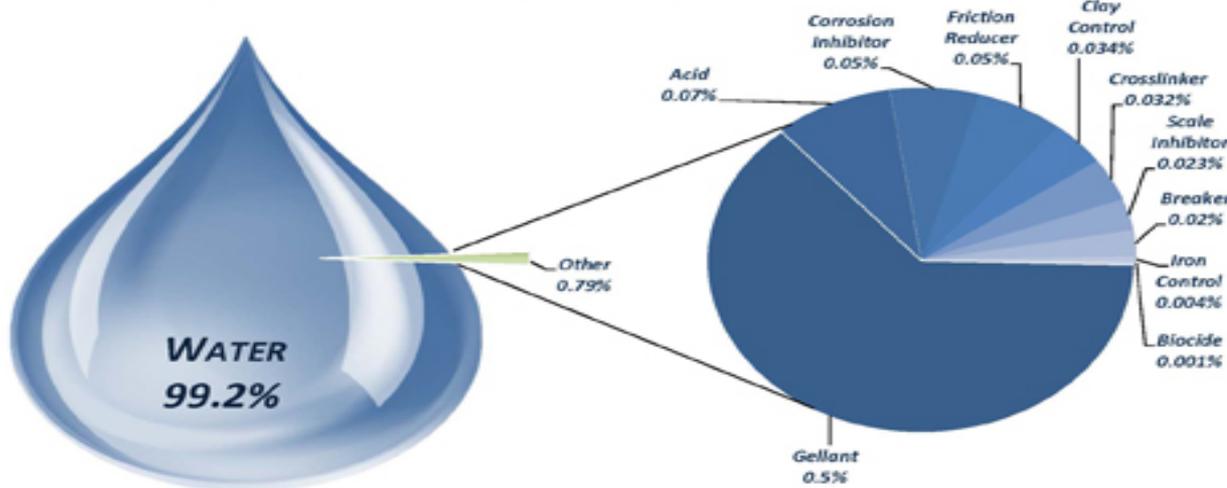
Rail Car Traffic



Shale Gas Development Water Use



Average Hydraulic Fracturing Fluid Composition for US Shale Plays



Source: FracFocus data August 2012

[For more info:](#)



Outreach Model(s)

- Confluence of academia, industry, government, eNGOs, foundations
- The role of the academic?
- How do you fund it?
- How to build and maintain credibility?
- MCOR
- ShaleTEC
- CSSD
- CSIRO
- Centre for Social Responsibility in Mining
- Others