

Fields of Study Descriptions

• Agricultural and Rural Development

Suitable candidates include individuals from the public sector, non-governmental organizations, and business focused on agricultural and food system development and/or rural development. The field includes, but is not limited to, the following areas of specialization: food security, sustainable farming systems, agricultural research, extension management, agricultural marketing and value-chain management, post-harvest technology and food safety, trade and food policy, and rural livelihood enhancement.

• Communications/Journalism

Appropriate candidates include those using electronic, mass media and telecommunications to facilitate national development in the areas of agriculture, health, family planning, nutrition and education. These individuals might manage the aforementioned media strategies for non-governmental organizations or for state-run media. Journalists engaged in public affairs reporting, magazine and feature writing, and interpretive writing on social issues and international affairs also are suitable.

• Substance Abuse Education, Treatment and Prevention

The National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA), one of 27 research institutes and centers of the National Institutes of Health (NIH) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, will co-fund with ECA several Humphrey Fellows in the field of drug abuse prevention and treatment. These grants will provide mid-career professionals with exposure to scientific methodologies and research advances and will help to establish research links that will lead to on-going international collaborations with NIDA in the field of drug abuse prevention and treatment.

Candidates for Humphrey Fellowships that will be co-funded with NIDA must meet all the regular selection criteria, including demonstrated potential for leadership and commitment to public service. In addition, although candidates who hold a doctoral degree in medicine, health, biomedical, behavioral or social science will be preferred, candidates holding a master's degree and who have substantial professional experience and/or research background will also be considered. Policy-makers without a research background will be considered if they demonstrate an interest in learning how to understand and apply research about drug abuse.

Appropriate candidates for these Fellowships include mid-level researchers, research managers and policy makers in universities, drug abuse prevention or treatment programs, nongovernmental organizations, government ministries, healthcare professions, or other drug abuse related occupations.

Law enforcement candidates are not eligible unless they are qualified to participate in a program based in a school of public health and propose programs focused on drug abuse research, education, treatment and prevention, or demand reduction, as opposed to interdiction policies.

All candidates applying for Fellowships in the field of drug abuse should fill out the special form for candidates in this field regardless of degree held, the number of their

publications, or their research experience. We no longer count candidates in the field of drug abuse in addition to country quotas. Instead, you should recruit and rank applicants in this field together with candidates in other fields.

• **Economic Development/Finance and Banking**

This field may be interpreted very broadly. Suitable candidates include policy makers and administrative managers in the public or private sector focusing on contemporary development issues including population growth, agriculture and industrial development, poverty and income distribution, sustainable development, labor markets and foreign trade, international and development economics, macroeconomics, monetary economics, public economics, econometrics, international finance and trade, banking and finance, foreign credits, structural adjustment, economic management, monetary theory and policy, investment and capital markets, environmental economics, labor and population economics, aggregate economic analysis, transition economies, exchange rate systems, small business development, micro-credit/finance, entrepreneurship, cooperatives and credit unions, financing in rural and urban settings, social marketing and privatization. Individuals in this field are not suitable if they are primarily concerned with expanding a corporate entity's market share.

• **Educational Administration, Planning and Policy**

Individuals who are contributing to national or regional education planning, policy development and implementation make good candidates. University professors with an exclusively academic focus are not suitable. However, university professors in administrative or policy-making positions are eligible. Candidate profiles also include those focused in the more technical areas of education: curriculum development, instruction and learning assessment techniques, program design and adult learning, teacher training, the use of technology in higher education. These individuals may be teachers if they also have additional responsibilities in the areas above.

• **HIV/AIDS Policy and Prevention**

Physicians, health educators, communications specialists and policy analysts who are interested in HIV/AIDS policy, treatment and prevention are appropriate candidates for this field. Candidates with a primary focus on clinical treatment are not appropriate.

• **Human Resource Management**

The most suitable candidates in this field are those individuals dealing with institutional change, setting personnel policies and procedures. These might be human resource managers or individuals from various fields who have been charged with re-organizing a department or ministry, for example.

• **Law and Human Rights**

Attorneys, judges, and human rights activists are the most suitable candidates in this field. The range of law specializations is far reaching. Some of the more common include: constitutional, criminal, business, civil rights, family/child, alternative dispute resolution, international humanitarian, international trade, international business,

intellectual property, and telecommunications. Individuals engaged in legal and judicial reform and the administration of justice also are appropriate candidates.

• **Natural Resources, Environmental Policy, and Climate Change**

Natural resource and environmental managers are appropriate candidates for this field. Policy-makers working on the protection of natural resources, water quality, pollution control, land use, conservation, and environmental impact assessment also are suitable. Climate change is a critical emerging field open to professionals working in a range of disciplines, including policy development, clean technologies, carbon management, and response planning or adaptation to new climate patterns.

• **Public Health Policy and Management**

Physicians, clinicians with management responsibilities, health educators, and other practitioners with policy-making responsibility in this field are suitable candidates. Past Fellows' interests have included: management of public health care organizations, health care delivery through community-based organizations, reproductive, adolescent, and child health, and epidemiology in public health practice. Candidates who are primarily practitioners in their field are not appropriate. For example, dentists whose program goals are to be better dentists in a clinical setting are not appropriate candidates for the program. Instead, dentists or other practitioners who are interested in acquiring skills and knowledge to become better administrators of public health programs, which might for example promote health education in their community or country, would be a better fit for the program.

• **Public Policy Analysis and Public Administration**

This field may be interpreted very broadly. Policy issues that past Fellows addressed have included: regional, economic and workforce development planning; public management and leadership; financial management in public and non-profit organizations; poverty and inequality; gender; public finance and revenue administration; domestic and foreign development policies; political transition to market-based democracy; planning and the global knowledge economy; private sector development.

• **Teaching of English as a Foreign Language**

Appropriate candidates include teacher trainers and master teachers in the field of Teaching of English as a Foreign Language, if they are interested in teacher training, curriculum development and methodology.

• **Technology Policy and Management**

Network administrators, engineers and urban planners involved in formulating technology policy and planning/managing technological change/systems are suitable candidates in this field. Ministry of education officials and educators who teach technology and science in higher education institutions and can demonstrate leadership in curriculum development or administration in this field are also appropriate candidates.

- **Trafficking in Persons, Policy and Prevention**

Candidates include foreign government officials, NGO activists, and media specialists who are focused on anti-trafficking issues. Humphrey Fellows can focus in areas of public administration, NGO administration, law and human rights, social work, communications and journalism, and public health as applied to anti-trafficking program management and policy-making.

- **Urban and Regional Planning**

Appropriate candidates for this field include architects, engineers, city planners, and historic preservation specialists. The field of Urban and Regional Planning should be broadly interpreted to include the following: water and sanitation, urban infrastructure and transportation management, transportation policy, town and rural planning, geographic information systems, environmental protection and planning, housing and real estate, land use and urban design, public policy, architecture, social policy, pollution control, economic planning and development, regional economic integration, international and comparative planning, economic conversion, spatial analysis, environmental planning issues, social planning, public management, and ecological land development.